(12) (19)	PATENT AUSTRALIAN PATENT OFFICE	(11) Application No. AU 200065475 B2 (10) Patent No. 778385
(54)	Title A humidifier	
(51)7	International Patent Classification(s) A61M 016/00	
(21)	Application No: 200065475	(22) Application Date: 2000.10.12
(30)	Priority Data	
(31)	Number (32) Date PQ3390 1999.10.13	(33) Country AU
(43) (43)	Publication Date : 2001.04.26 Publication Journal Date : 2001.04.26 Accepted Journal Date : 2004.12.02	
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(56)	Related Art US 5168866 US 3964920 US 3806102	

ABSTRAC*

A HUMIDIFIER

A humidifier (24) for use with a breathable gas supply apparatus (20). The humidifier (24) comprises a hollow body (42, 44) adapted for partial filling with water to a predetermined maximum water level, a gas inlet (48) to the body (42, 44) above the maximum water level and a gas outlet (50) from the body (42, 44) above the maximum water level. The humidifier (24) further comprises a constant temperature heating element (30) for heating the water and/or an adjustable flow divider (62) adapted to divide the interior of the body (42, 44) above the maximum water level into a relatively dry gas region (68) and a relatively wet gas region (70). The position of the divider (62) is variable so as to vary the relative proportion of the gas flowing from the inlet (48) to the outlet (50) that passes through the relatively dry (68) and relatively wet (70) gas regions to thereby vary the amount of humidification thereof.

Fifty positioned between outlet of flow generator and Inlet of humiditier (not shown within the inlet!)

AUSTRALIA

PATENTS ACT 1990

COMPLETE SPECIFICATION

FOR A STANDARD PATENT

ORIGINAL

The following statement is a full description of this invention, including the best method of performing it known to me/us:-

A HUMIDIFIER

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a humidifier.

The invention has been developed primarily for use with a breathable gas supply apparatus in Continuous Positive Airway Pressure (CPAP) treatment of, for example, Obstructive Sleep Apnea (OSA) and other ventilatory assistance treatments such as Non Invasive Positive Pressure Ventilation (NIPPV) and will be described hereinaster with reference to these applications. However, it will be appreciated that the invention is not limited to these particular fields of use and also finds application in, for example, assisted respiration, mechanical ventilation and the like.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

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CPAP treatment is a common ameliorative treatment for breathing disorders including OSA. CPAP treatment, as described in US Patent No. 4,944,310, provides pressurised air or other breathable gas to the entrance of a patient's airways at a pressure elevated above atmospheric pressure, typically in the range 4-20 cm H₂O.

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It is also known for the level of treatment pressure to vary during a period of treatment in accordance with patient need, that form of CPAP being known as automatically adjusting nasal CPAP treatment, as described in US Patent No. 5,245,995.

inspiratory phase of respiration and a relatively lower pressure or atmospheric pressure NIPPV is another form of treatment for breathing disorders which can involve a relatively higher pressure of gas being provided in the patient mask during the being provided in the patient mask during the expiratory phase of respiration. 2

inspiration or expiration can be varied through the period of treatment, as disclosed in In other NIPPV modes the pressure can be made to vary in a complex manner throughout the respiratory cycle. For example, the pressure at the mask during the applicant's international PCT patent application No. PCT/AU97/00631. 22

Typically, the ventilatory assistance for CPAP or NIPPV treatment is delivered to the patient by way of a nasal mask. Alternatively, a mouth mask or full face mask or nasal prongs can be used. In this specification any reference to a mask is to be understood as incorporating a reference to a nasal mask, mouth mask, full face mask or 8

In this specification any reference to CPAP treatment is to be understood as embracing all of the above described forms of ventilatory treatment or assistance.

Breathable gas supply apparatus broadly comprise a flow generator constituted by a continuous source of air or other breathable gas generally in the form of a blower or driven by an electric motor. The electric motor driving the blower is typically

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exhaust to atmosphere for venting exhaled gases. piped supply can also be used. The gas supply is connected to a conduit or tube, which in controlled by a servo-controller under the control of a micro controller unit. A hospital turn is connected to a patient mask which incorporates, or has in close proximity, an

active, where the water is heated to the patient. Humidification is achieved by passing the air over a water surface within a supply apparatus it is known to pass the gas through a humidifier before supplying the gas patient. The two main types of humidifier are passive, where the water is not heated, and humidifier so that the gas absorbs moisture from the water before being delivered to the In order to prevent drying of the patient's airways during use of a breathable gas

Other passive humidifiers are disclosed in US patent Nos. 5,231,979, 5,537,997 and A known passive humidifier is the applicant's Passover (Trade Mark) humidifier. ō

also has a built in safety feature to prevent the heater element reaching excessive The temperature of the water is set manually by the patient. The HumidAire humidifier heats the water in the humidifier via a thermostatically controlled electric heating element. temperatures under fault conditions. A known active humidifier is the applicant's HumidAire (Trade Mark) which

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disclosed in US patent Nos. 4,621,632 and 4,203,027. includes a thermostatically controlled electric heating plate. Active humidifiers are also European patent application No. EP 0845277 discloses an active humidifier that

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clements and associated thermostatic temperature control equipment. A disadvantage of known active humidifiers is the expense of the heating A disadvantage of known passive humidifiers is an inability to easily vary the

It is an object of the present invention to substantially overcome or at least

amount of humidification of the gas.

ameliorate one or more of the above disadvantages

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

with a breathable gas supply apparatus, said humidifier comprising: Accordingly, in a first aspect, the present invention provides a humidifier for use

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a hollow body adapted for partial filling with water to a predetermined maximum

a gas inlet to the body above the maximum water level

a gas outlet from the body above the maximum water level

means to heat the water, in the body; and

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maximum water level into a relatively dry gas region and a relatively wet gas region, wherein the position of the divider is variable so as to vary the relative proportion of the an adjustable flow divider adapted to divide the interior of the body above the

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wet gas regions to thereby vary the amount of humidification thereof. gas flowing from the inlet to the outlet that passes through the relatively dry and relatively

dry gas region for minimum humidification. humidification, and a second position in which all of the gas is diverted to the relatively which all of the gas is diverted to the relatively wet gas region for maximum Preferably, the position of the divider is variable between a first position in

a self regulating wire. The heating means is preferably a constant temperature heating element, such as

In one embodiment, the heating element is disposed within the body

In another embodiment, the heating element is disposed external the body.

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the water in the body The humidifier desirably also includes a storage reservoir adapted to replenish

plates can be fixed or adjustable. The divider preferably also includes baffle plates. The position of the baffle

exterior of the plate preferably forms a substantially fluid-tight seal with the interior of the rotation of the rod causes the plate to move between the first and second positions. The The plate preferably includes a threaded hole adapted to engage a threaded rod, wherein complimentary cross section to the interior of the body above the maximum water level In one embodiment, the divider is a generally planar plate of substantially

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divider is adapted to rotate about or near the first end to cause the second end to move the gas outlet and a second end adjacent the gas inlet and the gas outlet, wherein the between the first and second positions. In another embodiment, the divider includes a first end remote the gas inlet and

to cause the first and second ends to move between the first and second positions gas inlet and the gas outlet, wherein the divider is adapted to rotate about or near its centre In a further embodiment, the divider includes a first and second end adjacent the

breathable gas supply apparatus, said humidifier comprising: In a second aspect, the present invention provides a humidifier for use with a

a hollow body adapted for partial filling with water to a predetermined

a gas inlet to the body above the maximum water level; maximum water level;

a gas outlet from the body above the maximum water level;

a constant temperature heating element for heating the water; and

wherein the position of the divider is variable so as to vary the relative proportion of an adjustable flow divider adapted to divide the interior of the body above the the gas flowing from the inlet to the outlet that passes through the relatively dry and maximum water level into a relatively dry gas region and a relatively wet gas region, relatively wet gas regions to thereby vary the amount of humidification thereof.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

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Preferred embodiments of the invention will now be described, by way of examples only, with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

Fig. 1 is an exploded perspective view of a humidifier according to a first

embodiment of the invention; 5

Fig. 2 is a front view of a humidifier according to a second embodiment of the

Fig. 3 is a top view of the humidifier shown in Fig. 2;

Fig. 4 is a side view of the humidifier shown in Fig. 2;

Fig. 5 is a partial cross sectional view along line 5,6-5,6 of Fig. 3 of the humidifier shown in Fig. 2 with the flow dividing plate in a minimum humidification 20

Fig. 6 is a partial cross sectional view along line 5,6-5,6 of Fig. 3 of the humidifier shown in Fig. 2 with the flow dividing plate in a maximum humidification position;

Fig. 7 is a lower perspective view of the flow divider of the humidifier shown position;

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Fig. 8 is an upper perspective view of the control knob of the humidifier

Fig. 9 is an upper perspective view of an embodiment of a heating element shown in Fig. 2;

Fig. 10 is an upper perspective view of another embodiment of a heating suitable for use with the humidifier shown in Fig. 2;

Fig. 11 is a cross sectional view of a humidifier according to a third

embodiment of the invention;

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Fig. 12 is a partial cross sectional view of a humidifier according to a fourth embodiment of the invention; [R:NLIBD]00869.doc:AVS

Fig. 13 is a lower perspective view of an embodiment of a flow dividing plate

Fig. 14 is a cross sectional view of an embodiment of a heating element

assembly;

Fig. 15 is a cross sectional view of a humidifier according to a sixth

embodiment of the invention;

Fig. 16 is a cross sectional view of a humidifier according to a seventh embodiment of the invention with the flow dividing plate in a maximum humidification

position;

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Fig. 17 is a cross sectional view of the humidifier of Fig. 15 with the flow dividing plate in a minimum humidification position; and

Fig. 18 is a cross sectional view of another embodiment of a heating element

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

invention, an anti-bacterial filter 26 and a heating element 30. The filter 26 is inlet 28 of the humidifier 24. In another embodiment (not shown), the filter is operatively positioned between the outlet of the humidifier and the patient. In the latter, the filter reduces the transfer of bacteria from the patient to the humidifier, and comprises a flow generator 22, a first embodiment of a humidifier 24 according to the operatively positioned between the outlet of the flow generator 22 (not shown) and the Fig. 1 is an exploded view of a breathable gas supply apparatus 20 which

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vary the amount of humidification of the gas flowing through the humidifier between a maximum and minimum amount. The components of the humidifier 24 which permit this adjustable humidification will be more completely described with reference to the The humidifier 24 includes a control knob 32 which can be rotated in order to embodiments of the invention shown in Figs. 2 to 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17.

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The heating element 30 is of self regulating, constant temperature type. The heating element 30 advantageously simplifies the humidifier and breathable gas supply apparatus overall by obviating the need for thermostatic temperature control equipment.

The heating element 30 is positioned external and under the humidifier. In another embodiment (not shown), the heating element is suitably insulated and/or water proofed and positioned inside the body of the humidifier.

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body portion 42 and a lower body portion 44. A fluid tight seal 46 is disposed between A second embodiment of a humidifier 40 is shown in Figs. 2 to 9. As best shown in Figs. 2 to 4, the humidifier 40 includes a hollow body formed from an upper

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The upper body portion 42 includes a gas inlet 48 and a gas outlet 50. the upper and lower body portions 42 and 44.

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52 through which passes a threaded shaft 54. The shaft 54 depends from an external As best shown in Fig. 5, the upper body portion 42 also includes an opening

boss 52. The upper casing 42 includes substantially parallel internal side walls 60 of a flow dividing plate 62. However, a fluid tight seal is not critical. which are adapted to provide a substantially fluid tight seal with the external edges 61 A fluid tight seal 58 is provided around the shaft adjacent the knob 56 and the

ō along the shaft 54 between the lower most position shown in Fig. 5 and upper most shaft 54. Rotation of the knob 56 causes the boss 64, and thus the plate 62, to travel position shown in Fig. 6. The plate 62 includes a central threaded boss 64 which threadably engages the

surface into a relatively dry gas region 68 above the plate 62 and a relatively wet gas the humidifier 40. The plate 62 affectively divides the interior 66 above the water body portion 42 and lower casing 44 together define the boundaries of the interior 66 of the water and causes water vapour to rise from the upper surface thereof. The upper apparatus, the humidifier 40 is positioned directly above a heating element which heats approximately 10 mm below the seal 46. When connected to a breathable gas supply region 70 below the plate 62. The lower body portion 44 is adapted to be filled with water to a level

shown in Fig. 5, the gas (normally air) pumped from the flow generator the inlet 48 of the humidifier 40 passes only through the dry region 68 and therefore undergoes minimal or zero humidification. When the knob 56 is rotated to position the plate 62 in the lowermost position

shown in Fig. 6, the gas passes only through the wet region 70 and therefore undergoes maximum humidification. When the knob 56 is rotated to position the plate 62 in the uppermost position

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of the gas passes through the wet gas region 70 (and is humidified), which results in to suit individual user needs, comfort requirements, treatment regimes and changing allows the amount of humidification of the supplied gas to be quickly and easily varied partial humidification overall. In this way, the adjustable plate 62 advantageously the supplied gas passes through the dry gas region 68 (and is not humidified) and some atmospheric conditions lowermost and uppermost position shown in Figs. 5 and 6 respectively, then some of When the knob 56 is rotated to position the plate 62 intermediate the

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engages the thread 72 of the boss 64. The upper surface of the control knob 56 has two boss 64 has a internal thread 72. depressions 76 to facilitate gripping of the knob 56 by a user's fingers. isolation in Fig. 8 and it can be seen that the shaft 54 has an internal groove 74 which The plate 62 is shown in isolation in Fig. 7 in which it can be seen that the The control knob 56 and shaft 54 are shown in

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General Electric. The self regulating wire 80 is able to be connected directly to mains thermostatic control equipment. power supply and, as mentioned above, advantageously obviates the need for self regulating wire 80, for example LSH-10, manufactured by Letco Products, Inc the humidifier 40 shown in Figs. 2 to 8. The heating element 78 comprises a length of Texas (USA), which is wound around a core 82, for example Noryl, manufactured by Fig. 9 shows a constant temperature heating element 78 suitable for use with

manufactured by ITW, Illinios (USA), which is attached to a plate 88, for example element 84 comprises a self regulating film 85 with power leads 86 and 87, for example Fig. 10 shows another constant temperature heating element 84. The heating

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numerals to those used in describing the second embodiment will be used to denote like features in the third embodiment. Fig. 11 shows a third embodiment of a humidifier 90. Like reference

adjacent the heating element, which reduces heating time and energy consumption. give a longer operational time between refilling, but it has a smaller volume of water advantage of this embodiment is that it can store a relatively large volume of water, to interior 66 up to a maximum level indicated by dashed line 96. interior 66. A duct 94 allows water to flow from the tank 92 into the bottom of the The humidifier 90 has a water storage tank 92 positioned above the humidifier An additional

embodiments will again be used to denote like features. invention. Like reference numerals to those used in describing the second and third Fig. 12 shows a fourth embodiment of the humidifier 100 according to the

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ဗ 25 it has a flow dividing plate 101 that includes four baffles 102. The baffles 102 cause 13, except that it includes eight of the baffles 102. water directly between the inlet 48 and outlet 50. A similar plate 101 is shown in Fig. humidification by ensuring the supplied gas does not only flow over the portion of the the supplied gas to undertake a longer path between the humidifier inlet 48 and the The humidifier 100 is similar to the humidifier 40 shown in Figs. 2 to 8 except An additional advantage of this embodiment is that it improves

be adjusted and/or individual baffles can be removed are fixed. However, in other embodiments (not shown) the position of the baffles can In the embodiments shown in Figs. 12 and 13 the position of the baffles 102

or underside of a humidifier. The heating plate 114 is separated from a base 116 by positioned between the upper surface of the heating element 112 and the lower surface similar to that shown in Fig. 9, and a heating plate 114. In use, the plate 114 is for use with humidifiers. The assembly 110 includes a heating element 112, which is Fig. 14 shows an embodiment of a heating element assembly 110 also suitable

plate 114 makes contact with the heating element 112 for heating. If there is When a humidifier filled with a predetermined volume (and thus weight) of water is placed on the heating plate 114, it compresses the springs 118 such that the insufficient water in the humidifier, or if the humidifier is removed from the assembly 110, the springs 118 lift the heating plate 114 away from the heating element 112. This creates an air gap 119 between the heating element 112 and the hot plate 114 which

advantageously reduces further heating of the heating plate 114. This reduces the risk

invention and like reference numerals will again be used to denote like features to However, in this embodiment, the flow dividing plate 62 pivots at one end about axis 122, as indicated by arrow 123, between maximum and minimum humidification positions. The humidifier 120 also includes a plug 124 to allow filling of the water storage tank 92. The humidifier 120 is shown mounted above a heating element Fig. 15 shows a humidifier 120 according to a sixth embodiment of the earlier embodiments. The humidifier 120 is similar to the humidifier 90 shown in Fig. 11 in that it has a water storage tank 92 mounted above the humidification interior 66. of the assembly 110 burning a user or starting a fire or the like if operated incorrectly. assembly 126 which comprises a heating element 128 within an outer casing 129.

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Figs. 16 and 17 show a seventh embodiment of a humidifier 130 similar to the 62 rotates about a substantially central axis 132 between the maximum humidification The path taken by the supplied gas from the inlet 48 to the outlet 50 is indicated by embodiment shown in Fig. 15. However, in this embodiment, the flow dividing plate position shown in Fig. 16 and the minimum humidification position shown in Fig. 17. arrows 134. The water level is indicated by broken line 136.

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to that shown in Fig. 14. The assembly 140 includes a heating element 142, which is heating plate 146 is separated from a base 148 by springs 150. The assembly 140 Fig. 18 shows another embodiment of a heating element assembly 140 similar similar to that shown in Fig. 10, a conducting plate 144 and a heating plate 146. The functions similar to the assembly 110 shown in Fig. 13.

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Accordingly, once a particular desired temperature has been identified, for example to in chlorinated drinking water (0.2 mg/L), with a pH of 7.6, a temperature of 32 degrees C will kill 99.9% of Legionella pneumophilia in 30 minutes (VanDemark & effect a particular bacteria, a heating element can be manufactured to achieve that temperature. The desired effect will be achieved whenever the humidifier is operated with that element. The desired amount of humidification can be selected by adjusting Another advantage of the preferred embodiments of the invention stems from Barzing (1987), The Microbes, Benjamin/Cummings Publishing Company, Inc.). the ability to control humidification levels substantially independantly of temperature. Different temperatures inhibit the growth of, or kill, different bacteria. For example, the position of the flow dividing plate. 32

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However, in the absence of other means to control the humidity, this limits the available range of humidification. For example, if the temperature could not be In contrast, with a thermostatically controlled humidifier, the above effect on reduced below 40 degrees C, then a low range of humidification could not be achieved, bacteria could only be achieved by setting a minimum temperature in the thermostat. unlike embodiments of the present invention.

it is appreciated by those skilled in the art that the invention may be embodied in many Although the invention has been described with reference to specific examples, other forms.

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The claims defining the invention are as follows:

humidifier comprising: A humidifier for use with a breathable gas supply apparatus, said

a hollow body adapted for partial filling with water to a predetermined maximum

a gas outlet from the body above the maximum water level; a gas inlet to the body above the maximum water level;

means to heat the water in the body; and

an adjustable flow divider adapted to divide the interior of the body above the

- ō gas flowing from the inlet to the outlet that passes through the relatively dry and relatively maximum water level into a relatively dry gas region and a relatively wet gas region, wherein the position of the divider is variable so as to vary the relative proportion of the wet gas regions to thereby vary the amount of humidification thereof.
- divider is variable between a first position in which all of the gas is diverted to the of the gas is diverted to the relatively dry gas region for minimum humidification. relatively wet gas region for maximum humidification, and a second position in which all The humidifier as claimed in claim 1, wherein the position of the
- water in the body is a constant temperature heating element. The humidifier as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein the means to heat the

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- heating element is disposed within the body. The humidifier as claimed in claim 3, wherein the constant temperature
- heating element is disposed external the body. The humidifier as claimed in claim 3, wherein the constant temperature
- temperature heating element is a self regulating wire. The humidifier as claimed in claim 3, 4 or 5, wherein the constant

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- humidifier includes a storage reservoir adapted to replenish the water in the body. The humidifier as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 6, wherein the
- divider includes baffle plates. The humidifier as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 7, wherein the
- plates are fixed The humidifier as claimed in claim 8, wherein the position of the baffle

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- plates are adjustable. The humidifier as claimed in claim 8, wherein the position of the baffle
- ĸ divider is a generally planar plate of substantially complimentary cross section to the interior of the body above maximum water level. The humidifier as claimed in any one of claims 2 to 10, wherein the
- plate to move between the first and second positions threaded hole adapted to engage a threaded rod, wherein rotation of the rod causes the The humidifier as claimed in claim 11, wherein the plate includes a

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- forms a substantially fluid-tight seal with the interior of the body The humidifier as claimed in claim 12, wherein the exterior of the plate
- near the first end to cause the second end to move between the first and second positions adjacent the gas inlet and the gas outlet, wherein the divider is adapted to rotate about or divider includes a first end remote the gas inlet and the gas outlet and a second end The humidifier as claimed in any one of claims 2 to 13, wherein the
- to move between the first and second positions. divider includes a first and second end adjacent the gas inlet and the gas outlet, wherein the divider is adapted to rotate about or near its centre to cause the first and second ends The humidifier as claimed in any one of claims 2 to 13, wherein the
- humidifier comprising: A humidifier for use with a breathable gas supply apparatus, said

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water level; a hollow body adapted for partial filling with water to a predetermined maximum

ß a gas outlet from the body above the maximum water level; a gas inlet to the body above maximum water level;

a constant temperature heating element for heating the water; and

wherein the position of the divider is variable so as to vary the relative portion of the gas gas regions to thereby vary the amount of humidification thereof. maximum water level into a relatively dry gas region and a relatively wet gas region, flowing from the inlet to the outlet that passes though the relatively dry and relatively wet an adjustable flow divider adapted to divide the interior of the body above the

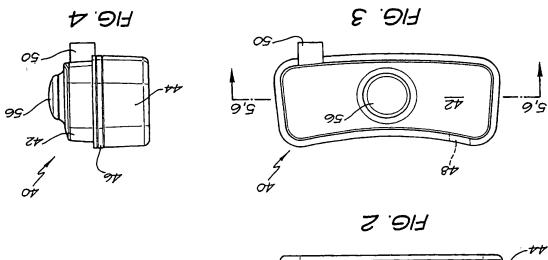
2 to 8; 11; 12; 15; or 16 and 18 of the accompanying drawings. A humidifier substantially as described herein with reference to Figs.: 1;

Dated 13 October, 2004 **ResMed Limited**

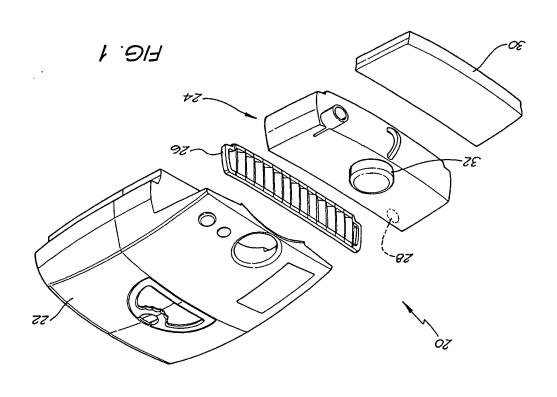
Patent Attorneys for the Applicant/Nominated Person **SPRUSON & FERGUSON**

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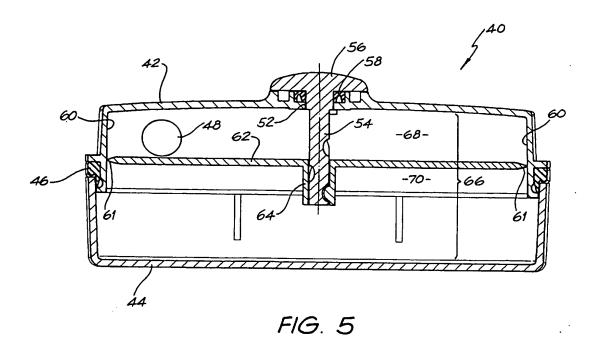


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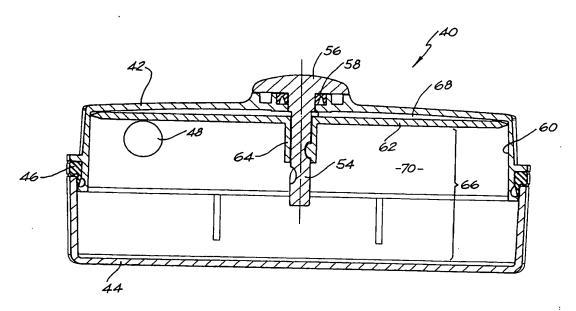
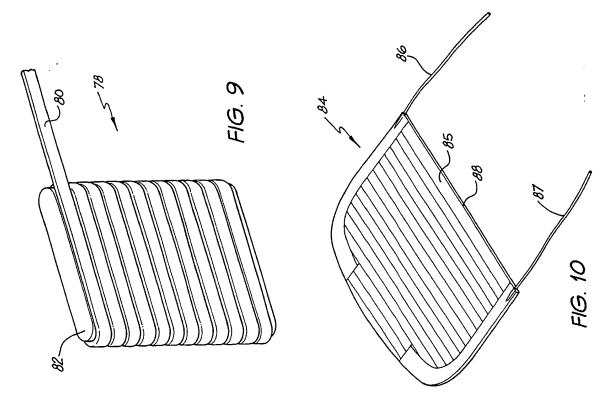


FIG. 6

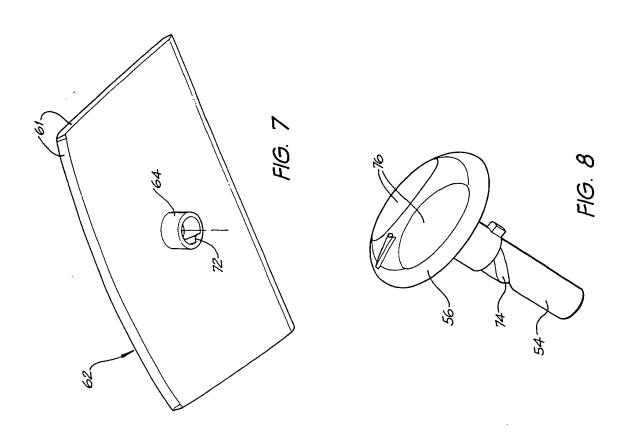
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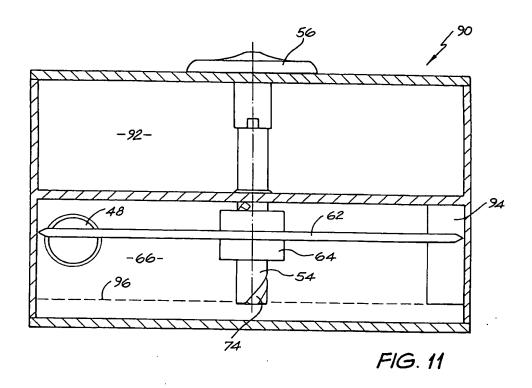
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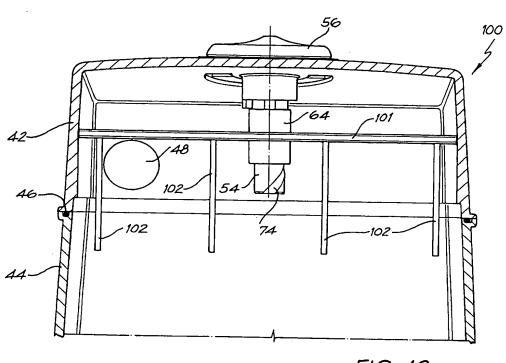
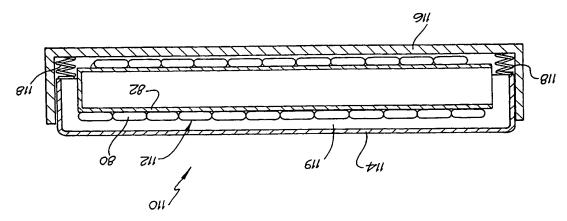


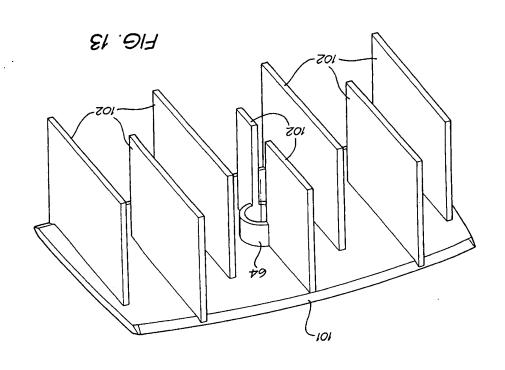
FIG. 12

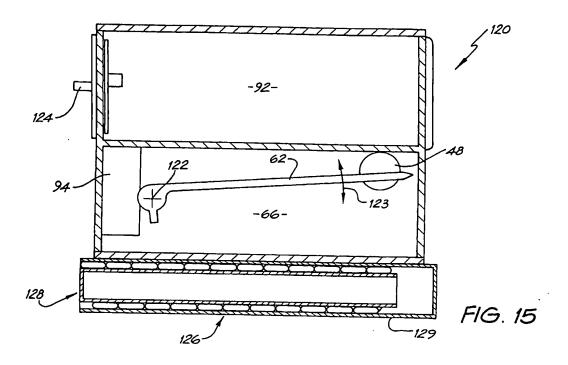
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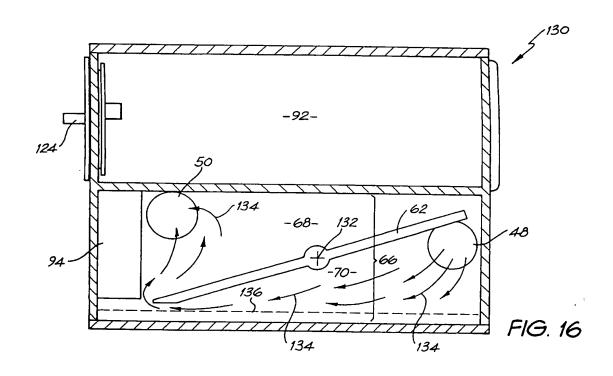








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